

# Market Procedure WEM Procedure

**Monitoring Protocol** 

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## **VERSION HISTORY**

Version	Effective Date	Notes
1 <u>.0</u>	12 September 2006	Market Procedure as at Market Start
2 <u>.0</u>	17 October 2008	The Independent Market Operator made changes to the procedure resulting from PC_2008_10
3 <u>.0</u>	19 September 2016	Amendments made under clause 1.17.1 of the Wholesale Electricity Market Rules (transitional provision) to reflect the transfer of the Independent Market Operator's compliance and enforcement functions to the Economic Regulation Authority.
4 <u>.0</u>	1 July 2017	A full review of this Market Procedure was carried out by the Economic Regulation Authority after transfer of the compliance and enforcement function (Procedure Change EEPC_2017_01).
5 <u>.0</u>	24 July 2020	Review and amendment of Market Procedure following Rule Change RC_2018_05 (Procedure Change EEPC_2020_01).
6.0	1 October 2023	Review and amendment of WEM Procedure for New Market (Procedure Change EEPC_2023_01).

## **Contents**

<u>1.</u>	BACK	GROUND	<u></u> 3
	1.1	Interpretation	<u></u> 3
	1.2	Purpose	<u></u> 3
	1.3	Compliance Contact Points	<u></u> 4
<u>2.</u>	COMPI	LIANCE	<u></u> 6
	2.1	Compliance Framework	<u></u> 6
	2.2	Risk-based approach	<u></u> 6
<u>3.</u>	MONIT	ORING	7
	3.1	Monitoring Processes	
	3.2	Monitoring Priorities	
	3.3	AEMO's Role in Monitoring Compliance	
	3.4	Network Operator's Role in Monitoring Compliance	<u></u> 12
<u>4.</u>	BREAC	CHES	<u></u> 13
	4.1	When to Report a Breach to the ERA	<u></u> 13
	4.2	Timeframes for Reporting Breaches to the ERA	<u></u> 13
	4.3	Processes for Reporting Breaches to the ERA	<u></u> 14
	4.4	Reporting Process for Chapter 3A Breaches - Requirements for Transmission Connected Generating Systems	<u></u> 16
	4.5	Prioritising Alleged Breach Reports	<u></u> 16
	4.6	Submissions	<u></u> 18
<u>5.</u>	INVES	TIGATIONS	<u></u> 19
	5.1	Investigation Powers	<u></u> 19
	5.2	Investigation Process	<u></u> 20
	5.3	Investigation Outcomes	<u></u> 24
	5.4	Suspending or Early Closure of an Investigation	<u></u> 26
	5.5	Suspending and Resuming Investigations	<u></u> 28
	5.6	Closing an Investigation Early	<u></u> 29
<u>6.</u>	ENFOR	RCEMENT	<u></u> 31
	6.1	Warnings	<u></u> 31
	6.2	Civil Penalties	
	6.3	Electricity Review Board Proceedings	<u></u> 35
<u>7.</u>	RECOF	RDING AND REPORTING	<u></u> 36
	7.1	Six Monthly Reports	<u></u> 36
	7.2	Report to Minister - AEMO's Compliance	<u></u> 38
	7.3	Report to Minister – Network Operator's Compliance	<u></u> 38
	7.4	Report to Minister - ERA's Compliance	
8.	PUBLIC	C REGISTERS	38

	<u>8.1</u>	Public Register of Breaches	<u></u> 38
	8.2	Public Register of Investigations	<u></u> 40
4.	BACKO	ROUND	<u>2</u>
	1.1	Interpretation	<del>2</del>
	1.2	Purpose	2
	1.3	Compliance Contact Points	3
	1.4	Compliance Approach	4
2.	MONIT	ORING	4
	2.1	Monitoring Processes	4
	2.2	AEMO's Role (including in its capacity as System Management) to Support ERA in Monitoring Compliance	6
3.	BREAC	CH REPORTING	<del>6</del>
	3.1	Reporting Processes for Breach Allegations	<del>6</del>
4.	INVEST	FIGATIONS	<del>7</del>
	4.1	Investigation Process	<del>7</del>
	4.2	Investigation Powers	9
	4.3	Investigation Outcomes	11
<del>5.</del>	ENFOR	CEMENT	14
	5.1	Warnings	14
	5.2	Civil Penalty Provisions	15
	5.3	Electricity Review Board Proceedings	<del> 16</del>
6.	RECOR	RDING AND REPORTING	<del>17</del>
	6.1	Compliance Monitoring Register	17
	6.2	Reports of Electricity Review Board Proceedings	18
	6.3	Report to Minister - AEMO's Compliance	18
	6.4	Report to Minister - ERA's Compliance	18

#### 1. BACKGROUND

The Monitoring Protocol sets out the processes by which the Economic Regulation Authority monitors Rule Participants' compliance with the Wholesale Electricity Market Rules (Market Rules) and Market Procedures.

The ERA is required to-maintains and implement this a Monitoring Protocol as a Market Wholesale Electricity Market (WEM) Procedure under clause 2.15.1 of the Market Rules. The ERA must comply with Market Procedures applicable to it pursuant to clause 2.9.7B of the Market Rules.

- 1.1 Interpretation
- 1.1.1 In this Monitoring Protocol, unless the contrary intention is expressed:
  - (a) <u>T</u>terms used in this procedure have the same meaning as those given in the <u>Market WEM</u> Rules (made pursuant to the *Electricity Industry (Wholesale Electricity Market) Regulations 2004).*;
  - (b) <u>T</u>to the extent that this procedure is contrary or inconsistent with the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules, the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules shall prevail to the extent of the inconsistency.
  - (c) <u>Aa</u> reference to the <u>Market\_WEM\_Rules</u> or <u>Market\_WEM\_Procedures</u> includes any associated forms required or contemplated by the <u>Market\_WEM\_Rules</u> or <u>Market\_WEM\_Rules</u> o
  - (d) Wwords expressed in the singular include the plural and vice versa:; and
  - (e) Tthe following terms have the following meanings:
    - "Market WEM Regulations" means the Electricity Industry (Wholesale Electricity Market) Regulations 2004;
    - "Regulation" means a regulation in the Market Regulations.
- 1.1.2 References to particular <u>Market WEM</u> Rules within this Monitoring Protocol are current as of <u>30 March 20201 October 2023</u>.
- <del>1.3</del>1.2 Purpose
- 1.3.11.2.1 TClause 2.15.2 of the Market Rules requires the Monitoring Protocol to sets out how the ERA will implement its obligations under the Market Rules to monitor, investigate and enforce Rule Participants' behaviour for compliance with the WEMMarket Rules and WEMMarket Procedures.
- 1.4.0 Clause 2.15.3 of the Market Rules requires the Monitoring Protocol to specify:
  - () the Economic Regulation Authority's monitoring processes for assessing compliance with the Market Rules and Market Procedures by Rule Participants;
  - () [Blank];
  - () a process for Rule Participants to report alleged breaches of the Market Rules or Market Procedures:

The ERA must comply with WEM Procedures applicable to it pursuant to clause 2.9.7B of the WEM Rules.

- () processes for investigations into alleged breaches of the Market Rules or Market Procedures;
- () guidelines for the Economic Regulation Authority when issuing warnings about alleged breaches of the Market Rules or Market Procedures to Rule Participants under clause 2.13.10(c); and
- () the procedure for bringing proceedings in respect of Category B or C Market Rule breaches before the Electricity Review Board.
- 1.12.0 The ERA also has functions to monitor the effectiveness of the Wholesale Electricity Market under clause 2.16 of the Market Rules. This procedure does not include any protocols for the ERA's functions under clause 2.16 of the Market Rules.

#### 1.141.3 Compliance Contact Points

1.14.11.3.1 The contact details for the ERA in relation to for its compliance and enforcement functions under the Market WEM Rules are:

Attention: Assistant Director, Compliance and Enforcement, Energy Markets Phone: (08) 6557-7900

Email: market.compliance@erawa.com.au

Post: PO Box 8469, PERTH BC WA 6849

1.14.31.3.2 The MarketWEM\_Rules provide that as part of its compliance functions, the ERA may require information from and meet with Rule Participants in relation tofor compliance matters. To assist with these processes, the ERA may from time to time make a written request to Rule Participants to nominate a primary contact person for all the organisation's Market\_WEM\_Rule and Market\_WEM\_Procedure non-compliance related matters. The Rule Participant may be requested to provide the following contact details to the ERA via email to market.compliance@erawa.com.au:

Name of person:

Position title:

Organisation (if agent for Rule Participant): Rule Participant:

Telephone Number/s:

Email address:

### 2. COMPLIANCE APPROACH

## 2.1 Compliance Framework

- The ERA's compliance approach is published in its Compliance Framework and Strategy document which is updated from time to time. This document approach is aimed at encouraging compliance by Rule Participants with the Market WEM Rules and Market WEM Procedures with the target of achieving high levels of compliance using a risk-based approach. Under this approach the ERA will seek to:
- (a) assist Rule Participants to understand their obligations, noting that the responsibility for meeting compliance obligations rests with the individual participant;
- (b) identify potential breaches, investigate these and identify any subsequent education or other prevention or enforcement actions required;
- (c) ensure the investigation process is conducted in an efficient and professional manner, including applying procedural fairness and ensuring investigation decisions are informed by the relevant facts:
- (d) ensure that its compliance responses to breaches are proportionate to the circumstances of the non-compliant behaviour;
- (e)2.1.1 apply a risk based approach to its compliance activities, including its monitoring processes, investigation processes and enforcement actions.
- The risk\_-based approach referred to in paragraph 1.4.1(e) of this document involves assessing the compliance risk associated with an obligation or set of obligations under the Market-WEM Rules and/or Market-WEM Procedures. These assessments will assist the ERA in determining planning and monitoring activities, investigation the focus, prioritiesy and outcomes of our compliance activities actions(e.g. setting monitoring targets, prioritising investigations and determining the actions that the ERA considers appropriate in response to breaches).

Planning Monitoring Investigation

Baseline Risk

Breach Risk

Context Change Results of Monitoring

Final Risk

Figure 1: Application of Risk Assessments

#### 2.2 Risk-based approach

- 2.2.1 The approach taken by the ERA in this document is to consider risk from the perspective of the WEM.
- 2.2.2 The ERA's risk-based approach uses the consequence and likelihood tables in Appendix 1 to assign a risk rating to WEM Rule obligations and alleged or actual breaches of WEM rule obligations <sup>2</sup>
- 2.1.2
- 2.2.3 When considering the prioritisation of compliance activities, the ERA will generally prioritise higher risk obligations over lower risk obligations. However, there may be exceptions to this as there may be circumstances where lower risk matters may warrant compliance action (for example, repeated low risk non-compliances by the same Rule Participant that may indicate a systemic issue).
- 2.2.4 The ERA has performed a risk assessment of the obligations in the WEM Rules to rate the compliance risk. This is the baseline risk assessment.
- 2.2.5 The risk ratings from the baseline risk assessment have been used to determine a list of risk-based monitoring priorities, which can be found on the ERA's website.
- 2.2.6 From time to time the ERA may reassess a baseline risk assessment if there is a change in the WEM Rules, context, or if there are any other indications that a risk assessment requires reassessment. Any changes to the risk-based monitoring priorities will be updated on the ERA's website as required.

### 3. MONITORING

3.1 Monitoring Processes

### 3.1.1 The ERA:

- (a) <u>is required to mMonitors</u> Rule Participants' compliance with the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules and <u>Market-WEM</u> Procedures <u>in accordance with the Monitoring Protocol</u> (clause 2.13.1 2A.1(a) and 2.13.2 of the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules).
- (b) The ERA is required to have Has processes and systems in place to enable it to monitor Rule Participants' behaviour in accordance with the Monitoring Protocol (clause 2.13.3 of the Market-WEM Rules).
- 3.1.2 and tThe Monitoring Protocol is required to must specify:3
  - (a) The ERA's monitoring processes for assessing compliance with the WEM Rules and WEM Procedures by Rule Participants, which must include:
    - (i) A process for notice to be given by the ERA to a Rule Participant that identifies the alleged breach to be investigated by the ERA.
    - (ii) A process through which a Rule Participant may make submissions to the ERA to explain an alleged breach, prior to the ERA reaching a decision on

Baseline risk assessments of the WEM Rules are used for planning and monitoring, breach risk assessments of alleged breaches are used to determine investigation prioritisation and final risk assessments of confirmed breaches are used to inform compliance actions

<sup>3</sup> Clause 2.15.3 outlines what the Monitoring Protocol WEM Procedure must specify.

whether a Rule Participant has breached the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures.

- (b) A process for Rule Participants to report alleged breaches of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures under clauses 2.13.15 2.13.23 and 2.13.24 including the required information a Rule Participant must provide to the ERA.<sup>4,5,6</sup>
- (c) The form that may be used by Rule Participants to report a breach, or suspected breach, of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures by the Rule Participant to the ERA in accordance with clause 2.15.3(b).
- (d) The processes for the ERA to assign a risk rating to each alleged breach, including the matters the ERA will take into account, that will determine whether the alleged breach is required to be investigated by the ERA.
- (e) The processes for investigations of alleged breaches of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures.
- (f) The processes for suspending or closing investigations of alleged breaches of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures under clause 2.13.33 of the WEM Rules, including the matters the ERA may take into account in making a decision.
- (g) The processes and timeframes applying to a suspended investigation of an alleged breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures, including the timeframes under which a suspended investigation may be resumed.
- (h) Guidelines for the ERA when issuing warnings about alleged breaches of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures to Rule Participants under clause 2.13.36(a).
- (i) The process for bringing proceedings before the Electricity Review Board (ERB) for an order to be made by the ERB under the WEM Regulations.
- (j) The processes to be followed by the ERA, including the matters the ERA may take into account and the circumstances it may have regard to, when deciding to issue a civil penalty notice under clause 2.13.36(c) and when determining the Civil Penalty Amount to be imposed.
- (k) The processes for keeping a public register of breaches under clause 2.13.49 and publishing the public register in accordance with clause 2.13.53.
- (I) The processes it will require the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and Network Operators to implement to assist the ERA in monitoring and assessing Rule Participants' compliance with the WEM Rules and WEM Procedures.
- (m) Any other relevant matters under sections 2.13, 2.14 and 2.15.
- 3.1.13.2 Monitoring Priorities these processes (clause 2.15.3(a) of the Market Rules).
- 3.2.1 The ERA prioritises WEM monitoring into three categories:
  - (a) Mandatory: Areas the WEM Rules mandate that the ERA must monitor.

Clause 2.13.15 is a general obligation for AEMO to notify the ERA where it becomes aware of an alleged breach of the WEM Rules.

Clause 2.13.23 is a general obligation for Rule Participants to self-report their own breaches of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures.

<sup>6</sup> Clause 2.13.24 allows Rule Participants to report alleged breaches of the WEM Rules by other Rule Participants.

- (b) Risk-based: Areas the ERA has identified as requiring monitoring from the risk assessment process.
- (c) Trend-based: Areas the ERA has decided to prioritise for monitoring based on its observations of the market.<sup>7</sup>
- 3.1.23.2.2 The ERA will monitor Rule Participants' compliance using various methods, including but not limited to:
  - •(a) Market intelligence: Assessing information received from stakeholders that may identify matters requiring further investigation.
  - Market monitoring: Analysing market related information, data and documents, including that provided by AEMO, through a suite of tools and systems (e.g. bidding and pricing information, dispatch data, outage data etc) which may identify potential areas of non-compliance.

Market Procedure WEM Procedure Version ###6.0

The ERA may also update any trend-based monitoring priorities in the six monthly reports.

- Targeted compliance activities: Targeted reviews of Rule Participants may be carried out to assess compliance with specific Market WEM Rule obligations or groups of obligations, or areas identified as being of particular compliance concern, or where monitoring is required because the Market WEM Rules provide for special arrangements; and
- Reporting: AEMO (including in its capacity as System Management) has obligations to notify the ERA, subject to certain exceptions, if it becomes aware of an alleged breach of the Market Rules or Market Procedures. Additionally Rule Participants and other stakeholders may report alleged non-compliant behaviour, including voluntary reports of the Rule Participant's own non-compliant behaviour.
- 3.1.43.2.3 Market related data, information and documents (materials) are made available to the ERA by AEMO and each Network Operator pursuant to clause 2.13.3A of the Market Rules to assist the ERA to monitor Rule Participants' behaviour for compliance with the Market-WEM Rules and Market-WEM Procedures (clauses 2.13.4 and 2.13.5 of the WEM Rules).
- 3.2.4 The ERA publishes on its website a <u>list</u> of the types of materials that is periodically provided by AEMO as required by clause 2.13.3B(a) of the Market Rules. The ERA will publish a list of:
  - (a) The types of market related data, information or documents provided by AEMO under clause 2.13.4 of the WEM Rules
  - (b) WEM Rules that AEMO monitors for compliance
  - 3.1.5 on the ERA website (clause 2.16.2A(b) of the WEM Rules).
- 3.1.63.2.5 The ERA may request that AEMO provide additional materials than the types of material periodically provided. Where the ERA requests information from AEMO that is not one of the types periodically provided and the materials relate to a specific Rule Participant (or group of Rule Participants), the ERA is required to to the relevant Rule Participant(s) under (clause 2.13.3B(b)6 of the WEMMarket Rules).
- 3.1.7 The ERA will apply a risk based approach to prioritise the focus of its monitoring activities.

  This approach will consider the consequence and/or likelihood of a breach/es of the relevant obligations proposed to be monitored including possible effects on:

 Rule Participants' finances;
 Power System Security and Power System Reliability;
 health and safety;
 market operations;

other Rule Participants;

electricity consumers;

The ERA will also consider Rule Participants' history of compliance with the obligation/s under consideration.

- 3.1.203.2.6 The information collected through the methods set out in paragraph 2.13.2.2 of this document will be assessed to identify potential areas of non-compliance. Where possible non-compliances are identified, these will be risk rated in accordance with section 5 of this document and may be investigated in accordance with clause 2.13.27 of the WEM Rules. If the ERA identifies any market behaviour that has resulted in the market not functioning effectively the ERA must investigate in accordance with clause 2.16.9 of the WEM Rules. that warrant further investigation.
- 3.1.21 The ERA will collect information from Rule Participants as required to carry out its compliance monitoring activities.
- 3.1.223.2.7 Where the ERA has identified and commenced an investigation identified through its monitoring processes, alleged breach of the Market Rules following monitoring or surveillance activities, the ERA will notify provide notice to that the relevant Rule Participant in accordance with step 4.1.7(b). Where a breach has been alleged, a Rule Participant may make a submission to the ERA to provide information to the ERA to explain or provide context forof the alleged non-compliant behaviour prior to the ERA reaching a decision on whether the Rule Participant has breached the Market Rules breach being investigated by email (clause 2.15.3(a)(i) of the WEM Rules).
- 3.2.0 Submissions referred to in paragraph 2.1.9 of this document must be made via email to:

Market.compliance@erawa.com.au

If email is not possible, then notification may be sent by registered post to:

PO Box 8469, Perth BC WA 6849

- 3.73.3 AEMO's Role (including in its capacity as System Management) to Support ERA in Monitoring Compliance
- 3.3.1 Under clause 2.13.7 of the WEM Rules, AEMO must-:
  - (a) Monitor Rule Participant's behaviour for compliance with the WEM Rules specified in the list of WEM Rules provided by the ERA that AEMO must monitor for compliance.8
  - (b) Ensure it has processes and systems in place to allow it to monitor Rule Participant's behaviour in accordance with clause 2.13.7(a) and in accordance with the list of WEM Rules provided by the ERA that AEMO must monitor for compliance, including developing systems for monitoring.<sup>9</sup>
  - (c) Support the ERA's monitoring of Rule Participants' behaviour, including having processes and systems to provide the ERA with data, information, documents or analysis under clauses 2.13.4, 2.13.7, 2.13.8(a), 2.13.8(b) or 2.13.14 of the WEM Rules, as applicable.
  - (d) Subject to clause 2.13.12, record and report to the ERA any alleged breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures and report any alleged breaches resulting from its monitoring under clause 2.13.7(a).

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<sup>8</sup> Refer clauses 2.16.2A and 2.16.2AA of the WEM Rules.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> Ibid.

- 3.7.1 support the ERA's function to monitor compliance (clause 2.13.9A of the Market Rules).

  AEMO (including in its capacity as System Management) supports the ERA's compliance monitoring processes by:
  - ( ) providing access to market data, including through the use of and/or access to AEMO systems to the extent permitted by law; and
  - () notifying the ERA if it becomes aware of an alleged breach of the Market Rules or Market Procedures in accordance with clauses 2.13.6A (subject to the exceptions referred to in clause 2.13.6B), 2.13.8 and 2.13.9C of the Market Rules.
- 3.3.2 The Market Rules require AEMO is required to develop a WEM procedure (clause 2.15.4 of the WEM Rules) to set out:
  - (a) How AEMO will carry out its obligations to monitor Rule Participants' behaviour for compliance under clause 2.13.7.
  - (b) How AEMO will monitor dispatch compliance before, during or after a Dispatch Instruction event.
  - (c) How AEMO will carry out its obligations to support the ERA under clauses 2.13.4, 2.13.8 and 2.13.9 of the WEM Rules.
  - (d) The notification and reporting processes that AEMO will use to notify the ERA under clause 2.13.14, 2.13.8 and 2.13.15 of the WEM Rules.
  - (e) The situations where AEMO considers it does not need to notify the ERA of an alleged breach under clause 2.13.14.
  - (f) Any other matters relevant to AEMO's obligations in section 2.13.
- 3.3.3 The ERA may obtain data from Market Participants' Generator Monitoring Plans for Transmission Connected Generating Systems. The data the ERA may obtain is to be specified in the WEM Procedure AEMO develops and is required to maintain under clause 3A.6.2 of the WEM Rules.<sup>10</sup>
- 3.7.4 and implement a Monitoring and Reporting Protocol and seek the ERA's approval for that Monitoring and Reporting Protocol (clause 2.15.6A of the Market Rules). The purpose of AEMO's Monitoring and Reporting Protocol is to specify how AEMO (including in its capacity as System Management) will support the ERA's compliance monitoring role.
- Rule Participants should refer to <u>AEMO's Monitoring and Reporting Protocol</u> for further information on AEMO's processes in relation to its support role.
- 3.4 Network Operator's Role in Monitoring Compliance
- 3.4.1 Each Network Operator must cooperate with the ERA by providing any data, information or document in the Network Operator's possession or control that the ERA would be entitled to receive under the Market Information chapter of the WEM Rules and where the ERA believes it may assist the ERA to monitor the Network Operator's compliance with the provisions of the WEM Rules and WEM Procedures (clause 2.13.5 of the WEM Rules).
- 3.4.2 The ERA may obtain data from the Generator Register that a Network Operator must make available to the ERA under clause 3A.7.7(c) of the WEM Rules.

Clause 3A.6.2(a)(iii) requires the AEMO WEM procedure to document "the information and data provision obligations a Market Participant responsible for a Transmission Connected Generating System must comply with when requested by AEMO, the Network Operator or the Economic Regulation Authority, including the form by which that information and data must be provided".

## 4. BREACHES REPORTING

- 4.1 Reporting Processes for When to Report a Breach Allegations to the ERA
- 4.1.1 When aA Rule Participant becomes aware of an incident it should assess the incident to determine if it has breached the WEM Rules or a WEM Procedure. The ERA recognises that not all incidents are the result of a breach of a WEM Rules or a WEM Procedure by a Rule Participant.
- 4.1.2 If, during an incident assessment, a Rule Participant determines that it has breached, or has reasonable cause to suspect it has breached the WEM Rules or a WEM Procedure, that Rule Participant must report the breach or suspected breach to the ERA, unless the breach is a non-compliance of a Registered Generator Performance Standard or a Generator Monitoring Plan approved by AEMO (clause 2.13.23 of the WEM Rules).
- 4.1.3 Where a Market Participant considers that it has been non-compliant or has reasonable cause to suspect it has been non-compliant with a Registered Generator Performance Standard or a Generator Monitoring Plan approved by AEMO, it must follow the process set out in Chapter 3A of the WEM Rules (clause 2.13.26 of the WEM Rules).
- 4.1.4 All other non-compliances or suspected non-compliances must be reported to the ERA in accordance with the timeframes in section 4.2 and follow the process set out in section 4.3.
- 4.2 Timeframes for Reporting Breaches to the ERA
- 4.2.1 Once a Rule Participant has formed an awareness that a breach has occurred or becomes reasonably certain that a breach has occurred, it should assess the consequences of the incident to determine if an early advice should be provided to the ERA.
- 4.2.2 The ERA requires Rule Participants to submit an early advice for matters that had, or are likely to have a 'major' or 'catastrophic' consequence per the Consequence rating table in Appendix 1, within five Business Days of becoming aware of a breach or suspected breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures.<sup>11</sup>
- 5.0.0 may notify the ERA if it considers that it or another Rule Participant is in breach of the Market Rules or Market Procedures and may also provide evidence of the alleged breach (clause 2.13.4 of the Market Rules). The processes for this are required to be set out in this document (clause 2.15.3(c) of the Market Rules).

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The WEM Rules define Business Day as a day that is not a Saturday, Sunday, or a public holiday throughout Western Australia.

1 Oct Participant Incident occurs 2023 becomes aware of incident and 2023 commences Participant inquiries determines there is reasonable cause to suspect incident is a breach Participant determines incident likely to 16 Oct have 'major' or 2023 'catastrophic' consequence 5 Business Days Participant must provide early 23 Oct 2023 20 Rusiness advice within 5 Days **Business Days** Participant must submit self-6 Nov reported breach 2023 notification within 20 Business Days

Figure 2: Self-Reporting Timeline Example

- 4.2.3 The early advice may be made to the ERA in writing or by phone, however it is not considered a formal notification of an alleged breach per clause 2.13.23 of the WEM Rules unless it meets the criteria specified in paragraph 4.3.2 of this document.
- 4.2.4 Notwithstanding, whether an early advice was provided or not, Rule Participants must submit a self-reported breach notification in accordance with section 4.3 of this document within 20 Business Days of becoming aware of a breach or suspected breach of the WEM Rules, unless an extension has been requested in accordance with paragraph 4.2.5 of this document.
- A Rule Participant, other than AEMO, may notify the ERA if it considers that another Rule Participant is in breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures and must provide reasonable information in support of that alleged breach (clause 2.13.24 of the WEM Rules). Any notifications of alleged breaches by another Rule Participant must be in accordance with section 4.3 of this document.
- 4.3 Processes for Reporting Breaches to the ERA
- 4.3.1 The process for reporting suspected breaches to the ERA are set out in this document (clause 2.15.3(b) of the WEM Rules).

- 5.1.14.3.2 Any alleged breach notification of a breach or suspected breach must be in writing and contain: 12.13
  - (a) **t**The name of the Rule Participant and contact details for the person responsible for the notification. 14;
  - (b) <u>T</u>the name of the Rule Participant who is alleged to have breached the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules or <u>Market-WEM</u> Procedures.
  - (c) <u>tThe specific clauses in the Market WEM Rules or which Market WEM Procedures are alleged to have been breached.</u>
  - (e)(d) Tthe dates and times on which the alleged breach occurred;
  - (e) aA description of the reasons that the notifying Rule Participant has for considering a breach may have taken place, including any evidence of the alleged breach; with any supporting information for the allegation.
  - (f) If available, the notification should also include:
  - (f) Iif the breach is by the notifying Rule Participant, details explaining:
    - The root cause of the breach
  - a description of the reasons for the breach, including any mitigating circumstances and
    - \_any proposed remedies;
    - (g) actions planned or implemented to prevent recurrence.
    - (h)(g) details of any known impact to the market or Rule Participants;
    - (h) any other information considered relevant.
    - (i) Otherwise items (f) to (g) may be submitted to the ERA after the initial breach notification in accordance with paragraph 4.3.7 of this document.
- 5.1.24.3.3 Notifications of alleged breach matters <u>can be reported to the ERA individually by matter</u> using the form available on the ERA's website. Alternatively, alleged breaches can be <u>reported referred to in paragraph 3.1.2 of this document above should be sent by email to:</u>

Email: market.compliance@erawa.com.au

If email is not possible, then the notification may be sent via registered post to:

Post: PO Box 8469, PERTH BC WA 6849.

- 4.3.4 Rule Participants may also provide notifications of alleged breach matters in the batch report template available on the ERA's website by email to market.compliance@erawa.com.au providing:
  - (a) The timeframe in paragraph 4.2.4 is met.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Clause 2.13.23 requires a Rule Participant to notify the ERA of an alleged breach in writing.

Clause 2.13.25 requires a notification of an alleged breach to include the information specified in this document.

Unless otherwise advised, the ERA will consider this person as the primary contact and will direct any correspondence in relation to the matter to this person.

- (b) There are a minimum of five matters in the batch report to the ERA. For less than five matters, the process in paragraph 4.3.3 is to be followed.
- 4.3.5 Confidential or personal information included in any notification to the ERA should be clearly marked so the ERA can ensure it is appropriately protected.
- 5.1.34.3.6 On receiving a written notification under paragraph 3.1.24.3.3 or 4.3.4 of this document, the ERA will record the details of the alleged breach in its compliance monitoring register, as referred to in section 6.1 of this document (clause 2.13.27(a) of the WEM Rules).
- 4.3.7 A Rule Participant may, at any time after making a notification of an alleged breach under paragraph 4.3.3 or 4.3.4, provide updated information to the ERA in relation to the alleged breach in writing to market.compliance@erawa.com.au (clause 2.13.23 of the WEM Rules).
- 5.1.4 The ERA will provide written acknowledgement to the reporting party within three business days of receipt of any written notification of an alleged breach.
- When investigating the alleged breach in accordance with the processes set out in section 4.17 of this document, the ERA will consider whether it is appropriate to disclose to the Rule Participant alleged to have committed the breach the identity of the Rule Participant reporting the alleged breach. In exercising this discretion the ERA will take into consideration any request for anonymity from the party alleging the breach.
- 4.4 Reporting Process for Chapter 3A Breaches Requirements for Transmission Connected Generating Systems
- 4.4.1 Alleged or suspected non-compliances of:
  - (a) an applicable Registered Generator Performance Standard
  - (b) an applicable approved Generator Monitoring Plan

<u>or</u>

(c) An approved Rectification Plan.

must be reported to AEMO in accordance with AEMO's WEM Procedure: Generator Monitoring Plans.<sup>15</sup>

- 4.5 Prioritising Alleged Breach Reports
- 4.5.1 If the ERA becomes aware of an alleged breach of the WEM Rules or the WEM Procedures it must investigate the alleged breach in accordance with the risk rating assigned to the type of alleged breach in accordance with this procedure (clause 2.13.27(b) of the WEM Rules).
- 4.5.2 When an alleged breach report is received, the ERA will apply the risk-based approach described in section 2.1 to assign a risk rating to the alleged breach. The assigned risk rating will determine whether the alleged breach should be investigated, and if so the priority of that investigation.
- 4.5.3 There are certain alleged breaches that the ERA must investigate per the WEM Rules:
  - (a) Breaches that are alleged to have occurred prior to 1 October 2023. 16

Clause 2.13.26 requires Market Participants to report suspected non-compliances with Registered Generator Performance Standards or approved Generator Monitoring Plans in accordance with the process set out in Chapter 3A.

Prior to the commencement of the new market, clause 2.13.10(b) of the WEM Rules required the ERA to investigate all alleged breaches it became aware of.

- (b) Any Rule Participant market behaviour that the ERA considers has resulted in the market not functioning effectively (clauses 2.13.2 and 2.16.9 of the WEM Rules).
- (c) Any notification by a Rule Participant or AEMO of behaviour that the Rule Participant considers reduces the effectiveness of the market (clause 2.16.8 of the WEM Rules).
- (d) Any potential breaches of clause 2.16A.1 and, where those breaches have resulted in an Irregular Price Offer, whether an inefficient market outcome has resulted. (clause 2.16C.6 and 2.16C.7 of the WEM Rules).<sup>17</sup>
- (e) The ERA has been notified of an alleged breach of a Registered Generator

  Performance Standard or an approved Generator Monitoring Plan that AEMO
  considers threatens Power System Security or Power System Reliability under
  clause 3A.12.2 (clause 3A.12.3(a) of the WEM Rules).
- (f) Repeated failure to comply with a Registered Generator Performance Standard (Clause 3A.12.3(b) of the WEM Rules).
- (g) Repeated failure to comply with an approved Generator Monitoring Plan (Clause 3A.12.3(c) of the WEM Rules).

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<sup>17</sup> Clause 2.16A.1 requires Market Participants to offer prices in each of its STEM Submissions and Real-Time Market Submissions that reflect only the costs that a Market Participant without market power would offer.

- 4.5.4 The following process will apply to assigning the risk rating to an alleged breach report of a WEM Rule:
  - (a) Consider the baseline risk score of the WEM Rule obligation or, in the case of an alleged breach of a WEM Procedure, the baseline risk score of the associated WEM Rule obligation, if any.<sup>18</sup>, <sup>19</sup>, <sup>20</sup>
  - (b) Review information provided in alleged breach report to determine if any change to the risk score is required (for example, are the severity of the consequences higher or lower, based on the provided information) and then assign a risk rating to the alleged breach accordingly.
  - (c) Record the risk rating.
  - (d) The assigned risk rating will determine the priority assigned to that investigation and whether the alleged breach report is investigated in accordance with the following:

**Table 1: Investigation and Prioritisation** 

Breach Risk Rating	Will the alleged breach report be investigated?	Investigation priority
<u>Low</u>	<u>No<sup>21</sup></u>	Not applicable
<u>Moderate</u>	Maybe <sup>22</sup>	<u>Low</u>
<u>Significant</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>Medium</u>
<u>Extreme</u>	<u>Yes</u>	<u>High</u>

4.5.5 For any alleged breaches referred to in paragraph 4.5.3 whilst the ERA will assign a risk rating in accordance with paragraph 4.5.4, the risk rating will only be used to prioritise the investigation. The ERA must investigate all alleged breaches referred to in paragraph 4.5.3.

#### **5.1.5**4.6 Submissions

- 4.6.1 Where a breach has been alleged, a Rule Participant may make submissions to the ERA to explain an alleged breach, prior to the ERA reaching a decision on whether a Rule Participant has breached the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures (clause 2.15.3(a)(ii) of the WEM Rules).
- 4.6.2 Submissions referred to in paragraph 4.5.1 of this document must be in writing and should be made via email to:

Email: market.compliance@erawa.com.au

If email is not possible, then the notification may be sent via registered post to:

Post: PO Box 8469, PERTH BC WA 6849.

Each new market WEM Rule obligation is assigned an initial baseline risk rating using the risk tables in Appendix 1.

Breaches alleged to have occurred prior to new market start may not have a baseline risk score, in which case the risk rating will be based only on the information in the alleged breach report.

If there is no associated WEM Rule obligation for a breach of a WEM Procedure, the ERA will assign a risk based only on the information in the alleged breach report.

<sup>21</sup> Generally the ERA will not investigate breach allegations with a Low risk rating, however clause 2.13.27(c) allows the ERA to investigate where it considers this is reasonably required. For example, repeated multiple Low risk breaches may indicate a systemic issue which warrants investigation.

For breach allegations with a Moderate risk rating the ERA will investigate based on the risk score.

### 6.5. INVESTIGATIONS

- 5.1 Investigation Powers
- 5.1.1 As part of an investigation the ERA (under clause 2.13.28 of the WEM Rules) may:
  - (a) require information and records from Rule Participants
  - (b) conduct an inspection of a Rule Participant's equipment.
- 5.1.2 The ERA may request outcomes, reporting data and supporting evidence from Market Participants in respect of a Market Participant's Generator Monitoring Plan which is approved by AEMO, if the ERA reasonably considers this information will assist the ERA in meeting its functions and obligations under the WEM Rules (clause 3A.6.13 of the WEM Rules).
- 5.1.3 Information requested by the ERA from Market Participants under clause 3A.6.13 of the WEM Rules, should be provided to the ERA within five business days, or if agreed with the ERA, by an extended date, to the contact details in accordance with step 1.3.1 in this procedure.
- 5.1.4 Rule Participants (including AEMO and each Network Operator) must cooperate with an investigation of an alleged breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures (clause 2.13.30 of the WEM Rules), including:
  - (a) Providing the ERA with any information requested in a timely manner
  - (b) allowing reasonable access to equipment for the purpose of an inspection.
- 5.1.5 At any time during an investigation the ERA may meet with the Rule Participant on one or more occasions to discuss the alleged breach and actions to rectify it (clause 2.13.29 of the WEM Rules).
- 5.1.6 Where the ERA requires information, records or access to equipment or seeks a meeting it will confirm the request in writing by email, facsimile or post to the person nominated as the primary compliance contact for the Rule Participant as provided under paragraph 1.3.2 of this document, or any other appropriate officer from the Rule Participant's organisation that the ERA considers appropriate. The ERA will indicate a reasonable timeframe within which the information and records should be provided.
- 5.1.7 Rule Participants may request the ERA extend the timeframe to comply with any requests referred to in paragraph 5.1.4 of this document in writing. The ERA must consider the individual circumstances of the request and advise the Rule Participant of whether the extension has been granted, and if so details of the extension, and if not, the reasons for not granting the extension.
- 5.1.8 In the event that a Rule Participant does not cooperate with an ERA investigation, the ERA may appoint a person to investigate the matter and to provide a report or other documentation as required. The Rule Participant under investigation is liable for the costs, unless the ERA otherwise determines, and must assist the person undertaking the investigation (clause 2.13.32 of the WEM Rules).
- 5.1.9 Where the ERA decides that, in the course of its investigation, it needs to execute a search warrant, it must follow the requirements set out in Part 5, Division 2 of the WEM Regulations. These relate to:

- (a) Authorisation of an officer or employee of the ERA, in accordance with Regulation 23.
- (b) Application for search warrants, in accordance with Regulation 24.
- (c) Announcements before entry, in accordance with Regulation 25.
- (d) Giving a copy of the warrant to the occupier, in accordance with Regulation 26.
- (e) Provision of copies of seized documents, in accordance with Regulation 27.
- (f) Retention and return of seized documents, in accordance with Regulation 28.
- 6.15.2 Investigation Process
- 6.1.15.2.1 The ERA will generally become aware of an alleged breach of the Market Rules and/or Market Procedures through the monitoring or breach reporting -process set out in sections 3 and 4es referred to in paragraph 2.1.2 of this document, respectively.
- 6.1.25.2.2 For the avoidance of doubt, the term 'alleged breach' and its other grammatical forms when used in this section 4, refers to matters where the ERA forms the view that it has sufficient information to reasonably suspect a breach of the Market Rules and/or Market Procedures has occurred and the matter can therefore be escalated for investigation.
- 6.1.35.2.3 Prior to making the assessment referred to in paragraph 4.1.2 of this document, the ERA may undertake detailed analysis, including examining data and other information available, and/or seeking further information from Rule Participants. This analysis may also include monitoring of specific or general behaviours by Rule Participants.
- 6.1.45.2.4 Where the ERA forms the view that a matter identified through its monitoring processes is not an alleged breach, then the investigation processes set out in this document do not apply.
- Where the ERA forms the view that a matter identified through its monitoring processes is an alleged breach of the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules or <u>Market-WEM</u> Procedures, <u>the ERA will apply the risk-based approach described in section 2.1 to assign a risk rating to the alleged breach. The assigned risk rating will determine whether the alleged breach should be then upon becoming aware of this, the ERA is required to investigated, and if so the priority of that investigation the matter (clause 2.13.27(b)10 of the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules). 23</u>
- 6.1.65.2.6 The ERA must investigate a Market Participant's alleged or suspected non-compliance with a Generator Monitoring Plan approved by AEMO, or a Registered Generator Performance Standard, once the ERA receives an alleged or suspected non-compliance notification from under clause 3A.12.2 (clause 3A.12.3 of the WEM Rules)
- 6.1.75.2.7 The processes for investigating alleged breaches are required to be set out in this document (clause 2.15.3(ed) of the Market WEM Rules).
- 6.1.85.2.8 The general investigation process will usually involve the following phases and steps:
  - (a) Notification and Assessment phase: On becoming aware of an alleged breach the ERA will This phase covers the following steps:

Clause 3A.12.2 requires AEMO to notify the ERA if an alleged or suspected non-compliance with a Registered Generator Performance Standard or Approved Generator Monitoring Plan threatens power system security or reliability.

- (i) The ERA will Record details of the mattersthe alleged to be in breach (use 2.13.27(a) of the WEM Rules) in its compliance monitoring register;
- (ii) Assign a risk rating to the alleged breach to determine if investigation is warranted and prioritise the alleged breach for investigation in accordance with section 5.1 (clause 2.13.27(b) of the WEM Rules).

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- The ERA will determine the priority of the investigation by carrying out an initial compliance risk assessment. This will involve assessing the potential consequence of the alleged breach and/or likelihood of re-occurrence to form a view on whether the matter should be investigated as a priority over other alleged breach matters.
- (f)(b) Investigation phase: If the ERA determines that an investigation is required based on the risk assessment and prioritisation process This phase covers the following steps::
  - (i) The ERA must record the investigation on a public register on an anonymised basis (clause 2.13.49A(a) of the WEM Rules).
  - (g) The ERA may request further information (clause 2.13.28 of the WEM Rules). 24 The ERA will notify the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach and seek information. (Note, the timing of this notification will depend on whether such notification could prejudice the investigation);

<del>(h)</del>(ii)

- —(iii) The ERA will—may gather evidence from relevant parties (e.g. documentary evidence, oral evidence etc) to establish the facts of the matters alleged to be in breach such as:;<sup>25</sup>
  - AEMO
  - The Network Operator
  - Other Rule Participants.
- —(iv) The evidence gathered will be recorded and stored appropriately;
- \_(v) If the ERA's preliminary findings are identifies that the Rule Participant has engaged in a breached of the Market WEM Rules, the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach will be given notice of the ERA's preliminary findings including the reasons or/ rationale for these findings, once formed, and will be given the opportunity requested to make a submission in response to these preliminary findings; (clause 2.15.3(a)(ii) of the WEM Rules).26

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>24</sup> The timing of this notification will depend on whether such notification could prejudice the investigation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>25</sup> Clause 2.13.30 of the WEM Rules requires Rule Participants to cooperate with an investigation into an alleged breach.

Depending on the complexity of the matter there may be iterative preliminary findings based on submissions received by the ERA.

- The ERA will consider appropriate timeframes wWhen requesting a submission response to preliminary findings the ERA will work with the Rule Participant to determine a timeframe appropriate to the matter being considered. Longer timeframes will be given to Rule Participants where a matter is complex. In some instances, a matter may require urgent redress (e.g. a behaviour that could result in a risk to the safety of a person) and minimum timeframes may not be appropriate. The ERA will reasonably consider extensions to these timeframes where sufficient justification has been made by the Rule Participant. Amendments to standard time frames will be considered on a case by case basis and assessed by exception.
- <u>Ouring the course of the investigation tThe ERA may meet with the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach (this may occur at any stage during the investigation process (clause 2.13.29 of the WEM Rules)</u>;
- (viii) Any further information provided by the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach will be taken into consideration when finalising the investigation.
- -(ix) At any stage during the investigation, the ERA may suspend or close the investigation in accordance with section 6 of this document.
- -(x) The investigation findings will be documented in an internal investigation report.
- (j) Outcome phase: Where the ERA makes an interpretation of a term that is undefined by the Market Rules, the ERA may publish a definition of that term or have that definition considered by the Rule Change Panel for inclusion in the Market Rules. Outcome phase: This phase covers the following steps:
- (c) On conclusion of an the investigation phase:
  - (i) The ERA must determine whether a breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures has occurred (clause 2.13.27(d) of the WEM Rules).

  - (iii) Where the ERA determines that a breach has occurred, the Final Risk of the matter will be reassessed based on all known information to help determine:
    - Materiality level of the breach.
    - Appropriate investigation outcome.
    - Civil penalty amount, if applicable.
    - If a non-mandatory breach should be recorded on the public register.

- (iv) Where the ERA's determines that a breach has not occurred, it must record the closed investigation and the reasons for the determination on a public register (clause 2.13.49A(b) of the WEM Rules
- (v) Where the ERA determines that a breach has not occurred and the breach was not self-reported, the ERA must also notify the Rule Participant who reported the alleged breach (clause 2.13.35 of the WEM Rules).
- —(vi) Where the ERA's compliance response action recommends the implementation of any actions by the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach, the ERA may follow up on the progress of implementation of these actions.
- -(vii) Where applicable, the ERA will commence enforcement actions; in accordance with section 7.3 of this document.
- -(viii) The ERA will record the outcomes of its investigations (clause 2.13.27(e) of the WEM Rules) in its compliance monitoring register.
- 6.1.10 Note, the phases and steps identified above are intended as a general outline of the investigation process.
- 6.1.115.2.9 The ERA will apply its discretion in determining the most appropriate method to investigate any alleged breach, including the level of enquiries that need to be made and how they will be made, the extent to which it will investigate the matter and the compliance action that the ERA considers appropriate in response to the alleged breach.
- 6.1.125.2.10 For matters of a minor nature and/or that need to be dealt with expediently, a less formal approach may be used to investigate the matter (e.g. telephone enquiries) and potentially resolve the issues. For other matters, particularly complex matters, a formal detailed investigation approach may be applicable.
- <u>5.2.11</u> Each investigation will be carried out in a manner appropriate to the circumstances of the matters alleged to be in breach.
- 5.2.12 At any time during an investigation, the ERA may suspend or close the investigation in accordance with section 5.5 of this document.
- 6.2.0
- 6.4 Investigation Powers
- 6.5.0 Clause 2.13.12 of the Market Rules provides that as part of an investigation the ERA may:
  - () require information and records from Rule Participants; and
  - () conduct an inspection of a Rule Participant's equipment.

6.10.0 Clause 2.13.13 of the Market Rules requires Rule Participants to cooperate with an investigation of an alleged breach of the Market Rules or Market Procedures, including: () providing the ERA with any information requested in a timely manner; and allowing reasonable access to equipment for the purpose of an inspection. At any time during the course of an investigation the ERA may meet with the Rule Participant 6.13.0 on one or more occasions to discuss the alleged breach and actions to rectify it (clause 2.13.11 of the Market Rules). Where the ERA requires information, records or access to equipment or seeks a meeting it 6.14.0 will confirm the request in writing by email, facsimile or post to the person nominated as the primary compliance contact for the Rule Participant as provided under paragraph 1.3.2 of this document, or any other appropriate officer from the Rule Participant's organisation that the ERA considers appropriate. The ERA will indicate a reasonable timeframe within which the information and records should be provided. 6.15.0 The Rule Participant may request the ERA extend the timeframe to comply with the request referred to in paragraph 4.2.4 of this document in writing. The ERA must consider the individual circumstances of the request and advise the Rule Participant of whether the extension has been granted, and if so details of the extension, and if not, the reasons for not granting the extension. 6.16.0 In the event that a Rule Participant does not cooperate with an ERA investigation, the ERA may appoint an independent person to investigate the matter and to provide a report or other documentation as required. The Rule Participant under investigation is liable for the costs, unless the ERA otherwise determines, and must assist the person undertaking the investigation (clause 2.13.14 of the Market Rules). 6.17.0 Where the ERA decides that, in the course of its investigation, it needs to execute a search warrant, it must follow the requirements set out in Part 5, Division 2 of the Market Regulations. These relate to: () authorisation of an officer or employee of the ERA, in accordance with Regulation <del>23:</del> application for search warrants, in accordance with Regulation 24; () announcements before entry, in accordance with Regulation 25; giving details of the warrant to the occupier, in accordance with Regulation 26; provision of copies of seized documents, in accordance with Regulation 27; and retention and return of seized documents, in accordance with Regulation 28.

## 6.255.3 Investigation Outcomes

- 6.25.15.3.1 If an investigation is not suspended or closed. Aat the conclusion of an investigation the ERA will-must make a determination on whether it reasonably believes that a breach of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedures has occurred (clause 2.13.27(d) of the WEM Rules).
- Where the ERA determines that a breach has occurred, the ERA will consider the compliance action appropriate in response to the breach. The ERA has statutory compliance <a href="mailto:aresponses-ctions">aresponses ctions</a> available to it under the <a href="Market-WEM">Market-WEM</a> Regulations (e.g. warnings,

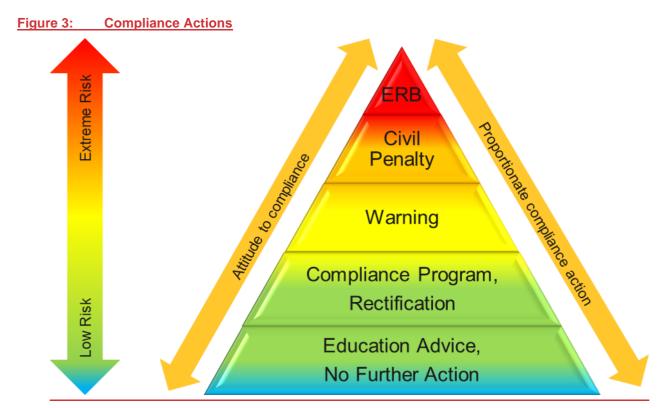
- <u>Category A penaltiesy notices and/</u> or commencement of proceedings before the <u>Electricity Review BoardERB</u>), and also administrative responses, such as providing education advice and seeking a voluntary compliance program.
- 5.3.3 The processes to be followed and the matters the ERA may take into account when deciding to issue a civil penalty notice are set out in this document (clause 2.15.3(j) of the WEM Rules).
- <u>5.3.4</u> In determining the appropriate compliance <u>response action</u> referred to in paragraph <u>5</u>4.3.2, the ERA will <u>apply a risk based approach to re</u> assess the compliance <u>as per step 5.2.8(c)(iii).</u>
- 6.25.4 risk associated with the obligations determined to have been breached. The assessment will consider the consequence and/or likelihood of the breach/es including possible effects on:
  - Market Participants' finances;
  - Power System Security and Power System Reliability;
  - health and safety;
  - market operations;
  - other Rule Participants;
  - electricity consumers;

#### The ERA will also consider:

- the Rule Participant's history of compliance with the obligation/s under consideration;
- whether the behaviour is systemic, repetitive or ongoing;
- whether the breach was self-disclosed; any actions taken by the Rule Participant to address the breach;
- the Rule Participant's compliance processes;
- whether the non-compliant behaviour is deliberate.
- 6.25.265.3.5 Subject to paragraphs 4.3.5 and 4.3.6, aAt the conclusion of its investigation, the ERA will notify the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach of the outcome of the investigation. The notification must will be in writing and include the following information:
  - (a) the clauses of the Market Rules or Market Procedures alleged to be in breach;
  - (b) a summary of the facts of the matters investigated;
  - (c) the ERA's determination of whether a breach has occurred or not;
  - (d) in the case where a breach has been determined, the reasons for the determination;
  - (e) the compliance response that the ERA considers appropriate.
- 6.25.275.3.6 In some circumstances where If the ERA's suspends or closes an investigation, the ERA must notify the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach that the investigation is suspended

or closed (clause 2.13.34 of the WEM Rules). investigation has not substantiated the breach allegation, it may not be necessary to notify the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach, of the outcome. This is more likely to be the case where there has been no need to contact the party alleged to be in breach during the course of the investigation and/or the ERA determines that there is insufficient information to warrant investigation.

- 6.25.305.3.7 In circumstances where the ERA reasonably believes a breach has occurred and it commences proceedings before the Electricity Review BoardERB, notification of these proceedings to the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach will occur as part of the process for these proceedings. In these circumstances the ERA has discretion not to provide the notification referred to in paragraph 54.3.54.
- 6.25.315.3.8 Where tThe ERA determines that a breach has not occurred and the breach was not self-reported, the ERA may must also notify the Rule Participant who reported the alleged breach (clause 2.13.35 of the WEM Rules). The ERA may also notify the Rule Participant who reported the breach of the investigation outcome, if the breach was not self-reported, where that party is different to the Rule Participant alleged to be in breach, if the ERA considers this to be appropriate and permitted under the confidentiality provisions of the Market-WEM Rules.
- <u>Table 1-Figure 3</u> below provides guidance on the potential investigation outcomes, shows the compliance actions available to the ERA compliance responses and how the ERA when these may apply them based on assessed risk. This information should be read in conjunction with the factors set out in step 5.2.8(c)(iii).paragraph 4.3.3 above. Table 1-This is a guide only each matter investigated must be considered on a case by case basis having regard to the individual circumstances applicable to that matter. The ERA will aim to ensure that strives for investigation outcomes arrived at that are fair, consistent and proportionate to the circumstances of the non-compliant behaviour.



5.4 Suspending or Early Closure of an Investigation

- 5.4.1 The processes and timeframes for suspending or closing investigations under clause 2.13.33 of the WEM Rules are set out in this document (clause 2.15.3(f) and (g) of the WEM Rules).
- 5.4.2 Where an alleged breach was self-reported to the ERA under clause 2.13.23 and the ERA is reasonably satisfied that:
  - (a) If the breach can be rectified, the Rule Participant:
    - (i) Has rectified the alleged breach or
    - (ii) Undertakes to rectify the alleged breach by taking actions agreed to by the ERA.
  - (b) Where required by the ERA, the Rule Participant agrees to take actions agreed to by ERA intended to prevent a recurrence of the alleged breach.

the ERA may suspend or close an investigation of an alleged breach (clause 2.13.33(a) of the WEM Rules).

### 5.4.3 The ERA may also:<sup>27</sup>

- (a) Suspend an investigation if:
  - During investigation, the risk rating of the alleged breach falls below the investigation threshold.
  - The Rule Participant agrees to undertake actions to mitigate or prevent recurrence but has not yet completed those actions.
- (b) Close an investigation if:
  - The Rule Participant alleged to have breached the WEM Rules is no longer a legal entity.
  - An investigation has been suspended for 6 months or more.
- 5.4.4 Where the ERA suspends or closes an investigation, the ERA will:
  - (a) Notify the relevant Rule Participant of the suspension or closure by email (clause 2.13.34 of the WEM Rules).
  - (b) Record the suspension or closure of the investigation, including the reasons for suspending or closing the investigation in a public register (clause 2.13.49A(c) of the WEM Rules).
- 5.5 Suspending and Resuming Investigations
- 5.5.1 If an alleged breach meets the requirements outlined in section 5.4, the ERA may suspend an investigation into the alleged breach.
- 5.5.2 If the ERA suspends an investigation, it will reassess the suspended investigation every six months to determine if the investigation should be:
  - (a) closed
  - (b) reopened
  - (c) suspended again for reassessment.
- 5.5.3 A suspended investigation may be closed where:
  - (a) Participants have completed any outstanding actions agreed to with the ERA.
  - (b) New information is received that results in a decrease in the risk rating of the alleged breach.
  - (c) No further alleged non-compliant behaviour has been identified.
- 5.5.4 If the ERA closes a suspended investigation, it will notify the relevant Rule Participant in accordance with paragraph 5.4.4.
- 5.5.5 A suspended investigation may be reopened where:
  - (a) Participants have failed to complete outstanding actions by timeframes agreed to with the ERA.

Clause 2.13.33(b) of the WEM Rules specifies that the ERA may suspend or close an investigation in any other circumstances specified in the WEM Procedure.

- (b) New information is received that results in an increase in the risk rating of the alleged breach.
- (c) The ERA identifies that the alleged breach forms part of a pattern of non-compliant behaviour.
- 5.5.6 An investigation may be suspended again for reassessment where:
  - (a) Participants still have outstanding actions agreed to with the ERA.
  - (b) There has not been sufficient time for the ERA to assess if the alleged breach forms part of a pattern of non-compliant behaviour.
- 5.6 Closing an Investigation Early
- 5.6.1 If an alleged breach meets the requirements outlined in section 5.4, the ERA may close the investigation in the circumstances outlined in paragraph 5.4.3.
- 5.6.2 If the ERA closes an investigation early, it will notify the relevant Rule Participant in accordance with paragraph 5.4.4.

6.25.32

**Table 1: Potential Investigation Outcomes** 

<b>Determination</b>	Compliance Response	Circumstances where the Compliance Response may be applicable		
No breach found	No further action	For matters where the investigation has concluded that there is insufficient evidence to support a breach determination.		
No breach found	Education advice	For matters where the investigation has concluded that there is insufficient evidence to support a breach determination but as part of the investigation the ERA identified opportunities for improvements to processes and/or controls, or other matters where there is a need to provide education and guidance to assist the participant.		
Breach found	No further action	For matters where the breach had little to no consequence, actions were taken to rectify the breach in a timely manner and actions have been implemented to reduce the risk of recurrence of the breach.		
Breach found	Education advice	For matters where the breach had little to no consequence but there is a need to provide education and guidance to assist the participant meet its obligations and prevent future breaches. Follow up action may be necessary to ensure the guidance provided is followed through by the participant.		
Breach found	Compliance program	For matters where there is a reasonable likelihood of future breaches and actions are required to be implemented by the participant to prevent this.		
		The compliance program will seek to document the agreed actions and associated timelines.		
		In some cases the compliance program will form part of other enforcement action, such as the issue of a warning or orders associated with civil penalty proceedings. In other cases, the compliance program will represent a voluntary program agreed between the participant and the ERA.		
Breach found	Warning	For matters where there are material consequences associated with the breach and/or there is a reasonable likelihood of future breaches, and the non-compliant behaviour warrants a formal reprimand.		
Breach found	Civil penalties	For matters where there are material consequences associated with the breach and/or there is a reasonable likelihood of future breaches, and the non-compliant behaviour warrants a monetary penalty.		
		The Market Regulations prescribe different categories of civil penalties:		
		Category A civil penalties - The ERA may issue a notice demanding payment of the penalty; Category B and C civil penalties - The ERA may bring proceedings before the Electricity Review Board (refer below).		
Breach found	Electricity Review Board proceedings	For matters where there are material consequences associated with the breach and/or there is a reasonable likelihood of future breaches, and the non-compliant behaviour warrants formal orders from the Electricity Review Board.		
		The Market Regulations provide that if the ERA considers that a participant has contravened a provision of the Market Rules it may apply to the Electricity Review Board for one or more orders as set out in Regulation 33 (refer to paragraph 5.3.3 of the Monitoring Protocol).		

#### 57.6. ENFORCEMENT

- 57.16.1 Warnings
- 57.1.16.1.1 This Monitoring Protocoldocument must set out guidelines for the ERA when issuing warnings (clause 2.15.3(he) of the Market-WEM Rules).
- 57.1.26.1.2 Where the ERA reasonably believes determines that a breach of the Market WEM Rules has taken place, it may issue a warning to the Rule Participant (clause 2.13.3610(ad) of the Market WEM Rules). Table 1 in section 4.3 above provides guidelines of circumstances where a warning may be an appropriate compliance response.
- 57.1.36.1.3 Where the ERA considers that a warning is appropriate it must issue the warning must in writing. Clause 2.13.10(d) of the Market Rules requires the warning to set out:
  - (a) <u>Identify</u> the specific clause or clauses of the <u>Market WEM</u> Rules or <u>Market WEM</u> Procedures that are believed to have been <u>or are being</u> breached.
  - (b) a full description of Describe the behaviour considered to be non-compliant.
  - (c) a rRequest for an explanation where the ERA considers it relevant.; and
  - (d) Ra request to rectification of the contravention, where relevanty the behaviour at issue, including a timeframe that the ERA considers to be reasonable to accomplish the request.
- 57.1.4 There are likely to be cases where paragraphs 5.1.3(c) and/or 5.1.3(d) are not applicable as follows:
  - () paragraph 5.1.3(c) would not be applicable where, through the investigation process referred to in section 4 of this Monitoring Protocol, the ERA has already elicited an explanation from the participant prior to issuing any warning;
  - () paragraph 5.1.3(d) would not be applicable where the behaviour has already been rectified prior to the issue of any warning;

and in these circumstances the warning letter will note the above and not rerequest this information.

- 57.1.86.1.4 The ERA may provide the warning by email, facsimile or post to the person nominated as the primary contact for the Rule Participant under paragraph 1.3.2 or alternatively to any other appropriate officer of the Rule Participant as the ERA considers appropriate.
- 57.1.96.1.5 Subject to paragraph 5.1.4, tThe ERA must will specify in the warning the timeframe within which the Rule Participant is required to provide the explanation referred to in 65.1.3(c). The Rule Participant is required to provide the explanation within the specified timeframe. The explanation is required to be in writing and may be provided to the ERA by email, facsimile or post using the contact details provided in paragraph 1.3.1.

- 6.1.6 The Rule Participant may request the ERA to extend the timeframe to provide the explanation referred to in paragraph 6.15.1.3(c) in writing. The ERA will follow the process set out in paragraph 5.1.7 in assessing a request for an extension of time.
- 57.1.10 must consider the individual circumstances of the request and advise the Rule Participant of whether the extension has been granted, and if so details of the extension, and if not, the reasons for not granting the extension.
- 57.1.116.1.7 On receipt of a response to a warning from the Rule Participant, the ERA must will record the response of the Rule Participant.this in its record keeping system as soon as practicable and note that a response has been received in the compliance monitoring register (clause 2.13.10(e) of the Market Rules).

#### <del>57.3</del>6.2 Civil Penaltiesy Provisions

- This document must set out the processes to be followed including the matters the 6.2.1 ERA may take into account and the circumstances it may have regard to, when issuing a civil penalty notice (clause 2.15.3(j)(ii) of the WEM Rules).
- 57.3.16.2.2 Regulation 30 of the Market WEM Regulations deems certain Market WEM Rules as "civil penalty provisions". In Schedule 1 to the Market-WEM Regulations, these provisions have been allocated a category (A, B or C) and maximum penalty amounts payable for a breach. The Regulations are available on the State Law Publisher website at: https://www.legislation.wa.gov.auwww.slp.wa.gov.au.28
- 57.3.2 Category A civil penalty provisions:
- If as a result of an investigation, the ERA decides that a breach of a Category 6.2.3 A<u>"civil penalty</u>-provision" has occurred, it may issue a penalty notice in accordance with the Market WEM Regulations (clause 2.13.316(ca) of the Market WEM Rules).29
- 6.2.4 In determining whether a civil penalty notice will be issued, Clause 2.13.42 of the WEM Rules requires the ERA to have regard to all relevant matters including:30
  - (a) The nature and extent of the breach and whether it is ongoing.
  - Whether the Rule Participant has self-reported or has taken any mitigating (b) actions.
  - The nature and extent of any loss or damage suffered because of the (c)
  - The impact and potential impact of the breach on the market and the power (d) system.

Clause 2.13.42 requires the ERA to consider the relevant matters before issuing an infringement, civil

penalty or making an order.

The civil penalty amounts applicable to a breach are determined by the WEM Regulations that were in force at the date the breach occurred.

<sup>29</sup> Regulation 31 of the WEM Regulations.

- (e) The circumstances in which the breach took place.<sup>31</sup>
- (f) The previous compliance history of the Rule Participant.
- (g) Whether a daily amount should be imposed considering:
  - (i) The financial impact of the total civil penalty, if a daily amount were to be imposed.
  - (ii) Any benefit gained by the Rule Participant as a result of the breach.
- 6.2.5 If the ERA considers that a civil penalty is appropriate it will seek to impose a financial penalty and/or make a redress order that:
  - (a) Ensures that the offending Participant does not benefit financially from the contravention.
  - (b) Reflects the seriousness of the breach.
  - (c) Deters future misconduct by the offending Participant and other Participants.
- 6.2.6 The ERA may also consider imposing a civil penalty daily amount if appropriate.
- 6.2.7 When the ERA is determining the total amount of the financial penalty, it will consider the factors listed in clause 2.13.42 of the WEM Rules (refer paragraph 6.2.4 above) and will also consider:
  - (a) The seriousness of the breach after considering both the consequence and likelihood of the final risk rating.
  - (b) Whether a daily amount (where applicable) is appropriate. 32
  - (c) Any detriment to non-offending Participants and offending Participant gains, if any.
  - (d) Whether the penalty is sufficient to deter future non-compliances.
  - (e) The financial impact of the total penalty on the offending Participant.
  - (f) Maximum limits prescribed in the Act and Regulations. 33
- 57.3.36.2.8 The penalty notice referred to in section paragraph 65.2.32 must:
  - (a) Bbe in writing.;
  - (b) sState the name and address of the Market Participant.;

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For example, in the first six months after New WEM Commencement Day, the ERA may consider the relative inexperience of the Rule Participants' with new processes as a relevant circumstance.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>32</sup> WEM Regulations 31(1A) and 31(2).

<sup>33</sup> Maximum limits are determined by reference to the Act and Regulations that were in force when the breach was determined to have occurred.

- (c) state that the notice is given under Regulation 31 of the <u>Electricity Industry</u> (Wholesale Electricity Market) Regulations 2004Market Regulations.;
- (d) <u>S</u>specify the <u>category A</u> civil penalty provisions considered to have been contravened.
- (e) Provide details of the contravention, including the act or omission that the ERA considers constitutes the contravention.
- (f) sSpecify the amount of the civil penalty\_;
- (g) <u>iInform</u> the participant that the participant may apply to the <u>Electricity</u> Review Board ERB for review of the ERA's decision to demand the civil penalty;
- (h) <u>Ceontain a statement informing the participant that if afterwithin</u> 28 days after the day on which the participant from receiviesng the notice that if:
  - (i) Ppayment is not made; or
  - (ii) Aan application has not been made to the Electricity Review Board for review of the ERA's decision to impose the penalty;

the ERA may apply to the Electricity Review Board ERB for an order for the payment of thea penalty (Regulation 31(65)).

- 57.3.46.2.9 A Rule Participant issued with a <u>civil</u> penalty notice may seek review by the <u>Electricity Review BoardERB</u> of the ERA's decision to issue the notice in accordance with the <u>Market-WEM</u> Regulations (clause 2.13.17-44 of the <u>Market-WEM</u> Rules).
- 57.3.56.2.10 Where the ERA has made an application to the Electricity Review Board in the circumstances referred to in section 65.2.83(h), the Electricity Review Board ERB may make an order that the Pparticipant pay the civil penalty if the:
  - (a) the ERA made the demand in accordance with the Market WEM Regulations;
  - (b) the pParticipant has not paid the civil penalty; and
  - (c) the pParticipant has not applied to the Electricity Review BoardERB for review of the ERA's decision to demand the amount.
- 57.3.66.2.11 In accordance with Regulation 37, any penalty payments received by AEMO must be distributed in accordance with the <a href="Market-WEM">Market-WEM</a> Rules. If the <a href="Market-WEM">Market-WEM</a> Rules do not provide for distribution of civil penalty amounts, the penalty payments will be credited to the Consolidated Account.
- 6.2.12 If the The ERA can direct AEMO and/or Rule Participants to distribute a specified portion of a civil penalty amount to an identified person, other than a Rule Participant, that has suffered a material loss as a result of a breach (clause 2.13.43A of the WEM Rules). decides that a breach has not occurred in relation to a Category A civil penalty, the ERA will notify the Rule Participant and the complainant, if any, of its decision (clause 2.13.16 of the Market Rules).

- 6.2.13 The ERA will notify AEMO of the determination and penalty amount if it issues a civil penalty notice (clause 2.13.43 of the WEM Rules).<sup>34</sup>
- 6.2.14 The ERA will enter civil penalty notices that were not set aside by the ERB in a public register in accordance with section 8 of this document (clause 2.13.49 of the WEM Rules).

57.4.0

57.5.0 Category B and C civil penalty provisions:

The Monitoring Protocol must specify the procedure for bringing proceedings in respect of Category B or C Market Rule breaches before the Electricity Review Board (clause 2.15.3(f) of the Market Rules).

57.7.0 If as a result of an investigation, the ERA decides that a breach of a Category B or Category C Market Rule has occurred it may bring proceedings before the Electricity Review Board (clause 2.13.18 of the Market Rules). The procedure for bringing proceedings before the Electricity Review Board is set out in section 5.3 of this Monitoring Protocol.

#### 57.96.3 Electricity Review Board Proceedings

- 6.3.1 This document sets out the processes to be followed by the ERA when bringing proceedings before the ERB for one or more orders specified in the WEM Regulations as required to be made by the ERB (clause 2.15.3(i) of the WEM Rules).
- 57.9.16.3.2 Regulation 32(1) provides that wWhere the ERA determines that a breach of the WEM Rules has taken place considers that a Rule Participant has contravened a provision of the Market Rules, it may apply to the Electricity Review BoardERB for one or more orders by the ERB under Regulation 33 (clause 2.13.36(d) of the WEM Rules and Regulation 32(1)).
- 57.9.26.3.3 The application referred to in paragraph 65.3.24 must be in writing and set out: 35
  - (a) Be in writing.
  - (a)(b) State the ERA as the applicant is the ERA;
  - (b)(c) Specifive the provision of the Market WEM Regulations under which the ERA is making the application.;
  - (c)(d) Pprovide the details of the contravention of the Market WEM Rules that the ERA considers has occurred, including the name and address of the participant alleged to have contravened the Market WEM Rules; and
  - (d)(e) Sspecify the nature of the order sought. (Regulation 39).

Market Procedure VEM Procedure Version ###6.0

To assist with the settlement processes in the WEM Rules.

<sup>35</sup> WEM Regulation 39.

- 57.9.36.3.4 The ERA may apply for, and the Electricity Review Board ERB may make, one or more of the following orders under Regulation 33(1):
  - (a) Wwhere the provision is a civil penalty provision, an order that the participant pay to AEMO an amount that does not exceed the maximum civil penalty prescribed in Schedule 1 of the Warket WEM Regulations.;
  - (b) Aan order that the participant cease within a specified timeframe, the act or omission constituting the contravention.
  - (c) Aan order that the participant take action or adopt sucha practice as the ERA requires to remedy the contravention or prevent the recurrence of the contravention.
  - (d) <u>Aa</u>n order that the participant implement a specified program for compliance with the <u>Market WEM</u> Rules\_;
  - (e) Aan order suspending the participant's registration or any other specified right under the Market Rules for a specified period.
  - (f) Aan order that the participant's Facility or Facilities be disconnected.
  - (g) Aan order that the participant's registration be cancelled.
- 57.9.46.3.5 The processes governing proceedings brought before the Electricity Review BeardERB for matters under WEM Regulation 33 are set out in Part 7 of the Market WEM Regulations and Part 6 Division 2 of the Energy Arbitration and Review Act 1998.
- 57.9.56.3.6 The ERA may enforce an order of the Electricity Review Board through the Supreme Court (<u>WEM</u> Regulation 34).

#### 58.7. RECORDING AND REPORTING

- 7.1 Six Monthly Reports
- 58.1 Compliance Monitoring Register
- 7.1.1 The ERA <u>will release a report at least once every six months (clause 2.13.45 of the WEM Rules) which, for the preceding six months, provides a summary of:</u>
  - (a) Investigations completed by the ERA.
  - (b) Breaches or contraventions of the WEM Rules the ERA concludes have occurred.
  - (c) Warnings issued by the ERA under clause 2.13.36(a).
  - (d) Proceedings brought before the ERB.
  - (e) Findings of the ERB.
  - (f) Orders made by the ERB.

- (g) Civil penalty notices issued by the ERA under clause 2.13.36(c) unless the ERA's decision has been set aside by the ERB.
- 58.1.2 must maintain a compliance monitoring register to record the following information:
- 58.1.3 Details of any alleged breaches of the Market Rules and Market Procedures that it identifies through its own monitoring activities;
- 58.1.4 Details of any alleged breaches of the Market Rules and Market Procedures that AEMO (including in its function as System Management) has reported through to the ERA;
- 58.1.5 Details of any alleged breaches of the Market Rules and Market Procedures notified by any other Rule Participant in accordance with section 3.1 of this protocol;
- 58.1.6 The outcomes of its investigation for the matters above.
- 58.1.7
- 58.1 Reports of Electricity Review Board Proceedings
- 58.1.10 The ERA must release a report at least once every six months which provides a summary of:
  - () proceedings brought before the Electricity Review Board, including any findings and orders by the Electricity Review Board; and
  - () Penalty Notices issued by the ERA for Category A breaches unless the ERA's decision has been set aside by the Electricity Review Board

(clause 2.13.26 of the Market Rules).

- The ERA may, release a report on any one or more matters where the ERA has taken one or more actions under clause 2.13.36 or that have been referred to the ERB, but is not required to, release a report on:
- 58.1.15 any one or more matters concerning Category A provisions for which the ERA issued a penalty notice; or
- 58.1.16 any one or more matters that have been referred to the Electricity Review Board,
- 58.1.177.1.2 including the findings of the ERA and/or the Electricity Review Board, as applicable, and any sanctions imposed by the ERA or the Electricity Review BoardERB (clause 2.13.4728 of the Market WEMt Rules).
- 58.1.187.1.3 The ERA may release a report referred to in paragraph 6.27.1.2 where significant incidents arise warranting the release of a report prior to the next scheduled six monthly report referred to in paragraph 6.27.1.1.
- 58.1.197.1.4 Claims of confidentiality of information, in relation to information that may be published in the reports referred to in paragraphs 6.27.1.1 and 6.27.1.2, are to be considered by the ERA in accordance with Market RuleChapter 10 of the WEM

Rules.2 relating to information confidentiality (clause 2.13.5230 of the Market WEM Rules).

- 58.37.2 Report to Minister AEMO's Compliance
- 58.3.17.2.1 The ERA must provides a report to the Minister a report on AEMO's compliance with the Market WEM Rules and Market WEM Procedures annually following the process outlined in clauses 2.14.5B to 2.14.5D of the Market WEM Rules. The report will contain:
  - (a) Rresults of any audits performed: and
  - (b) Results of any investigations into AEMO's compliance undertaken by the ERA.
- 7.3 Report to Minister Network Operator's Compliance
- 7.3.1 The ERA provides a report to the Minister on each Network Operator's self-reported compliance with the WEM Rules and WEM Procedures annually following the process outlined in clauses 2.14.6 to 2.14.9 of the WEM Rules. The report must contain the results of any investigations undertaken into each Network Operator's compliance undertaken by the ERA.
- 58.57.4 Report to Minister ERA's Compliance
- 7.4.1 The ERA provides an must annually provide a report to the Minister on its compliance with the Market WEM Rules and Market WEM Procedures (clause 2.14.5A of the Market Rules). The ERA will ensure that it uses appropriate processes to prepare this report, which may include the use of independent auditors together with information gathered from internal compliance activities, as well as any information it receives from external parties concerning the ERA's compliance.

## 8. PUBLIC REGISTERS

- 8.1 Public Register of Breaches
  - 8.1.1 This document sets out the processes that the ERA will follow for keeping a public register of breaches and publishing the public register (clause 2.15.3(k) of the WEM Rules).
  - 8.1.2 The ERA will enter civil penalty notices issued by the ERA that were not set aside by the ERB in a public register (clause 2.13.49(a) of the WEM Rules).
  - 8.1.3 The ERA may enter into the public register any other breaches or contraventions of the WEM Rules where the ERA reasonably considers that:
    - (a) The benefit to the WEM in disclosing the breach outweighs any detriment to the Rule Participant that committed the breach, or

- (b) Having regard to the nature an impact of the breach, the ERA would expect the breach to be disclosed on the public register.
- 8.1.4 The ERA will determine whether to record a breach or contravention of the WEM Rules in the public register in accordance with the reassessed risk rating following the process in step 5.2.8(c)(iii).

Table 2: Public Register

<u>Final Risk Rating</u>	Record on public register if not mandatory?
<u>Low</u>	<u>No</u>
<u>Moderate</u>	Maybe <sup>36</sup>
<u>Significant</u>	<u>Yes</u>
<u>Extreme</u>	<u>Yes</u>

Market Procedure WEM Procedure Version ###6.0

For confirmed breaches with a Moderate final risk rating where the ERA has discretion to include on the public register of breaches, the ERA will make a determination based on the final risk score.

- 8.1.5 If the ERA determines that a breach or contravention is to be recorded on the public register, the ERA will notify the relevant Rule Participant in writing of the ERA's intention to include the information on the public register. The notification will:
  - (a) Include a copy of the information to be included in the public register as specified in paragraph 8.1.6.
  - (b) Specify the intended date of publication.
  - (c) Inform the Rule Participant that if they wish for any information specified in paragraph 8.1.6 not to be published, they must provide the evidence specified in paragraph 8.1.7 prior to the intended date of publication.
- 8.1.6 The public register must include the following information (clause 2.13.50 of the WEM Rules):
  - (a) The name of the Rule Participant that committed the breach.
  - (b) Each provision of the WEM Rules or WEM Procedure that was breached.
  - (c) All relevant information relating to the time the breach occurred and duration of the breach, including impacted Trading Days and Dispatch Intervals.
  - (d) A summary of the actions taken by the Rule Participant to remedy the breach or prevent recurrence of the breach.
  - (e) Any action(s) taken by the ERA resulting from the breach.
- 8.1.7 Information must not be included in the public register (clause 2.13.51 of the WEM Rules) if the:
  - (a) Relevant Rule Participant provides evidence to the ERA that publication would contravene a court order or law.
  - (b) Information has been given a class of confidentiality status other than Public under Chapter 10 of the WEM Rules.
- 8.1.8 The public register of breaches must be published on the ERA website (clause 2.13.53 of the WEM Rules) and will be updated as required.
- 8.2 Public Register of Investigations
  - 8.2.1 The ERA keeps a public register of investigations (clause 2.13.49A of the WEM Rules):
    - (a) Commenced by the ERA into alleged breaches of the WEM Rules, provided that any information identifying participants is redacted or otherwise anonymised.
    - (b) Closed by the ERA where it was determined that no breach had occurred, including any reasons for the determination.
    - (c) Suspended or closed by the ERA under clause 2.13.33, including its reasons for closing or suspending the investigation.

8.2.2 The public register of investigations will be published on the ERA website and will be updated as required.

## **Appendix 1 Risk Framework and Tables**

## Risk Framework

<u>Consequence rating table</u> – The consequence of the risk is the effect or outcome to the <u>WEM of a risk eventuating. Categories are areas that would influence the ability of the WEM to function. Consequences are rated on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being insignificant and 5 being catastrophic. For each consequence category, criteria are defined for each level specified.</u>

<u>Likelihood rating table</u> – <u>Likelihood describes how likely it is that a risk will eventuate with the defined consequences.</u> This is measured on a scale of 1 to 5, with 1 being rare and 5 being almost certain, based on the frequency of the obligation occurring.

Risk matrix tables – Used to assign a risk rating from the risk score.

Risks are scored by multiplying the consequence and likelihood ratings to obtain a risk score. The risk score is used to assign a risk rating as per the risk matrix table.

## **Consequence Rating Table**

Level	<u>Rank</u>	Health and Safety	Damage to P&E	System Security/Reliability	Functioning of the Market	Financial (Direct and Indirect)
1	Insignificant	First aid	No measurable damage to plant and equipment  No plant outage	Secure/Reliable Operating State maintained Technical non-compliance only No load shedding System is within Normal Operating Frequency Band (49.8 to 50.2 Hz)	No impact to market operations  Technical non-compliance only	No direct or indirect financial impact to participants or market consequences
2	Minor	Medical treatment only	Damage to plant and equipment resulting in a plant outage ≤1 day	Secure/Reliable Operating State maintained No load shedding System is not within Normal Operating Frequency Band (49.8 to 50.2Hz) but within Normal Operating Frequency Excursion Band (49.7 to 50.3 Hz)	Disruptions to market operations but:	Estimated financial consequences:  Offending participant gain ≤ \$250k  Other participant loss ≤ \$250k  Market financial impact ≤ \$1m
3	Moderate	Injury requiring ≤ 5 days hospitalisation  Ongoing medical treatment	Damage to plant and equipment resulting in a plant outage >1 day - ≤ 3 days  Facility fully restored within a week	Escalation to Satisfactory/Reliable Operating State  No load shedding System is not within Normal Operating Frequency Excursion Band (49.7 to 50.3 Hz) but within Credible Contingency Event or Island Separation Frequency Band (48.75 to 51 Hz)	Disruptions to market operations including:     market delay experienced     disruption to participants and their processes     possible non-compliances (low to moderate) by other participants	Estimated financial consequences:  Offending participant gain > \$250k to ≤ \$1m  Other participant loss > \$250k to ≤ \$1m  Market financial impact > \$1m to ≤ \$4m
4	Major	Serious injury requiring > 5 days hospitalisation  Localised impact on public safety	Damage to plant and equipment resulting in a plant outage > 3 days - ≤ 5 days  Facility fully restored within month	Escalation to Satisfactory/Not Reliable Operating State  Load Shedding occurs (up to 15%) System is not within Normal Operating Frequency Excursion Band (49.7 to 50.3 Hz) but within Credible Contingency or Island Separation Frequency Band (48.75 to 51 Hz)	Disruptions to market operations including:	Estimated financial consequences:  Offending participant gain >\$1m to ≤ \$5m  Other participant loss >\$1m to ≤ \$5m  Market financial impact >\$4m to ≤ \$20m
<u>5</u>	Catastrophic	Single fatality Permanent injury Widespread threat to public safety	Damage to plant and equipment resulting in a plant outage > 5days  Facility cannot be fully restored	Escalation to Emergency Operating State  Load Shedding occurs (> 15%)  System is not within Credible Contingency or Island Separation Frequency Band (48.75 to 51 Hz) or black start required.	Disruptions to market operations including:     market suspension     participants to be unable to perform their processes     possible non-compliances (extreme) by other participants	Estimated financial consequences:  Offending participant gain > \$5m  Other participant loss > \$5m  Market financial impact > \$20m

## **Likelihood Rating Table**

Likelihood	Rating	<u>Description</u>	Control Environment
1	<u>Rare</u>	Breach may occur in exceptional circumstances (<10% probability)	No history of breaches.     Compliance mechanisms are in place and operating effectively.      Controls are strong with no control gaps. The strength of the control environment means that, if a breach eventuates, it is highly likely a result of external circumstances beyond the control of a Participant.
2	<u>Unlikely</u>	Breach is unlikely to occur in most circumstances (10-30% probability)	One or two historical breaches     Compliance mechanisms are mostly in place and operating reasonably effectively.     Controls are strong with few control gaps. The strength of the control environment means that, if a breach eventuates, it is likely a result of external factors not known to the Participant.
<u>3</u>	<u>Possible</u>	Breach may occur, but not expected in most circumstances (30-50% probability)	Few historical breaches.     Compliance mechanisms are mostly in place but need further improvement     There are some controls that need improvement, however, if there is no improvement there is no guarantee that a breach will eventuate.
<u>4</u>	<u>Likely</u>	Breach can be expected to occur in most circumstances (50-90% probability)	Multiple historical breaches.     Compliance mechanisms are not all in place and not further improvement.     The majority of the controls are weak. Without control improvement it is more likely than not that a breach will eventuate.
<u>5</u>	Almost Certain	Breach will occur in most circumstances (>90% probability)	Several historical breaches.     Compliance mechanisms are not in place and need significant improvement.  All of the controls are extremely weak and/or non-existent. Without control improvement there is almost no doubt that a breach will eventuate.

## Risk Matrix Tables

			<u>Consequence</u>					
			<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	
			<u>Insignificant</u>	<u>Minor</u>	<u>Moderate</u>	<u>Major</u>	<u>Catastrophic</u>	
	<u>5</u>	Almost Certain	<u>5</u>	<u>10</u>	<u>15</u>	<u>20</u>	<u>25</u>	
poo	4	<u>Likely</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>20</u>	
Likelihood	<u>3</u>	<u>Possible</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>15</u>	
Like	<u>2</u>	<u>Unlikely</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>6</u>	<u>8</u>	<u>10</u>	
	1	<u>Rare</u>	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	

Risk Assessment					
Assessment	<u>Low</u>	<u>Moderate</u>	<u>Significant</u>	<u>Extreme</u>	
Score	<u>1 - 5</u>	<u>6 - 9</u>	<u>10 - 14</u>	<u>15 - 25</u>	

<del>58.5.1</del>