

Capital Contributions Policy

Western Power Corporation

ABN 38 362 983 875

{Outline: This *capital contribution policy* is included in Western Power's *access arrangement* in accordance with section 5.1 of the *Code*.}

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1. Definitions and interpretation

1.1 Definitions

In this capital contributions policy, unless the contrary intention is apparent:

- "access arrangement" means the current access arrangement approved in respect of the network under the Code.
- "alternative option contribution" means a contribution made, or to be made, by a *user* in respect of an *alternative option*.
- "alternative option test", in respect of the Network, means the test set out in section 6.41 of the Code.
- "applications and queuing policy" means the applications and queuing policy in the access arrangement.
- "capacity", with regards to a part of the *network* (including a *contracted point*), means the maximum rate at which electricity can be transported through that part of the *network* in accordance with *good electricity industry practice*.
- "Code" means the Electricity Networks Access Code 2004.
- "contracted capacity" means the maximum rate at which the *user* is permitted to transfer electricity at a *contracted point* under the *user's access contract*.
- "contracted point" means an *exit point* or an *entry point* identified or to be identified as such in an *access contract*.
- "contribution" means a capital contribution or an alternative option contribution, or both as applicable.
- "contributions rate of return" means the rate of return most recently approved by the *Authority* for use in *price control* for the *network*.
- "cost recovery period" has the meaning given to it in clause 8.2(b).
- "forecast costs" means, with regards to works, the forecast new facilities investment or the alternative option costs, or both, as applicable.
- "interconnection works agreement" means a type of contract under which a *user* agrees to pay a *contribution* to Western Power for the performance of *works*, and which includes terms dealing with Western Power's and the *user's* rights and obligations in relation to the *contribution* and the *works*.
- "minimum practical works", with regards to works required to provide covered services sought by an applicant, means the minimum works Western Power must undertake, efficiently minimising costs, to provide only those covered services to only that applicant.
- "network" means those parts of the *SWIS* that are owned, operated or owned and operated by Western Power in respect of which access is given or sought under Western Power's *access arrangement*.
- "new revenue" means anticipated incremental revenue or additional revenue or both, as applicable.

"reasonable time" means the time determined in accordance with clause 5.3.

"reduced demand payment" has the meaning given to it in clause 8.1.

"transmission asset" means a network asset operated at 66 kV or above.

"urban shared network" means the part of the *network* that consists of all *transmission assets* located with a 50 km radius of the Perth GPO, as shown in Figure 1 and Figure 2.

"works", with regards to *covered services* sought by an *applicant*, means all works that Western Power is required to undertake to provide the *covered services* to the *applicant*, including works associated with:

- (a) augmentation of connection assets; and
- (b) augmentation of shared assets; and
- (c) alternative options.

1.2 *Code* definitions apply

Unless the contrary intention is apparent, a term with a defined meaning in the *Code* has the same meaning in this *capital contributions policy*.

1.3 Interpretation

- (a) Unless the contrary intention is apparent:
 - (i) a rule of interpretation in the *Code*; and
 - (ii) the Interpretation Act 1984,

apply to the interpretation of this capital contributions policy.

(b) A reference to Western Power means a reference to the *network business* of Western Power.

2. Application

2.1 Application of this capital contributions policy

This capital contributions policy applies:

- (a) when an *applicant* has applied for:
 - (i) a new covered service; or
 - (ii) an increase in contracted capacity of an existing covered service;

under the applications and queuing policy; and

- (b) when a provision in a user's access contract calls upon this capital contributions policy; and
- (c) when a person has applied to the Western Australian Planning Commission for approval to subdivide a property, and does not intend to become a *user* or an *applicant*.

2.2 Application of particular clauses

- (a) Clauses 10 and 11 of this capital contributions policy does not apply to applicants who are, or who act on behalf of, consumers consuming, or expected to consume, greater than 50 MWh per year and generators.
- (b) Clauses 5 to 9 and clause 11 of this capital contributions policy do not apply to applicants who are, or who act on behalf of, consumers consuming, or expected to consume, less than 50 MWh per year.
- (c) Clauses 5 to 10 of this *capital contributions policy* do not apply to any person who has applied to the Western Australian Planning Commission for approval to subdivide a property, and who does not intend to become a *user* or an *applicant*.

3. Lowest sustainable cost

The *forecast cost* of *works* required to provide *covered services* sought by an *applicant*, must not exceed the costs that would be incurred by a *service provider efficiently minimising costs*.

4. Applicant must make contribution

4.1 Applicant must make contribution

Western Power is not required to undertake *works* in respect of an *application* for a *covered service* until:

- (a) if the application of this *capital contributions policy* in relation to the *works* produces a *contribution* amount that is greater than zero, the *applicant* signs an *interconnection works agreement* to provide the *contribution* to Western Power in accordance with this *capital contributions policy*; and
- (b) where the *forecast costs* are greater than \$50,000, any portion of the *new revenue* that is expected to come from providing the *covered service* to the *applicant*, and that was used to calculate the *contribution*, is guaranteed under a signed *access contract*.

4.2 Applicant may provide security for new revenue

Clause 4.1(b) is satisfied if the *applicant* procures and at all times maintain an unconditional, irrevocable bank guarantee in terms acceptable to Western Power (acting as a *reasonable and prudent person*) guaranteeing the portion of *new revenue* referred to in clause 4.1(b).

5. Contribution

5.1 Amount of contribution

A contribution is required in respect of any works which are necessary to provide covered services to an applicant, and the costs of which do not meet the new facilities investment test or the alternative option test, as applicable, in part or in whole, and is calculated under clause 5.2.

5.2 Calculation of contribution

Where a *contribution* is required under this capital contributions policy, it is calculated by:

(a) determining the appropriate portion of the *forecast costs* of the *works* to allocate to the *applicant* under clause 5.4; and

(b) deducting any costs likely to be recovered by *new revenue* gained from providing the *covered services* to the *applicant*, as calculated over the *reasonable time*, at the *contributions rate of return*.

5.3 Reasonable time

For the purposes of clause 5.2, the *reasonable time* is to be determined by Western Power, as a *reasonable and prudent person*, having regard to:

- (a) the anticipated commercial life of the works, up to a maximum of 15 years; and
- (b) the purpose for which the applicant requires the covered services.

{Note: For example, if the *applicant* is proposing to build a plant with an expected five year operating period, then the reasonable time might be 5 years.}

5.4 Amount of forecast costs

- (a) Western Power may, acting as a *reasonable and prudent person* determine that the amount of the *forecast costs* to be allocated to the *applicant* under clause 5.2(a) is:
 - (i) the full amount of the forecast costs; or
 - (ii) an amount determined under clauses 5.4(b) to 5.4(e); or
 - (iii) an amount determined in any other way required to meet the Code objective.
- (b) If Western Power chooses to undertake works in excess of the *minimum practical works* to provide *covered services* sought by an *applicant*, then Western Power may determine that the amount of costs allocated to the *applicant* are the *forecast costs* of the *minimum practical works*.
- (c) If Western Power reasonably expects to receive *tariff* income from future *applicants*, because of *works* to provide *covered services* sought by an *applicant*, within a period of 5 years of the original *applicant's application*, then Western Power may apportion the *forecast costs* based on the *contracted capacity* sought by the *applicant* relative to total *contracted capacity* expected to be sought by those future *applicants*.
- (d) If Western Power has received more than one application requiring the same works to provide similar covered services, then Western Power may negotiate with the applicants under the applications and queuing policy to apportion the forecast costs of the works between the applicants, based on the relative use of the works sought by each applicant.
- (e) If works to provide covered services to an applicant provide specific savings to Western Power in performing its legal obligations, then Western Power may determine that the costs to be allocated to the applicant are the forecast costs less the amount saved.

5.5 Connection assets

The *applicant* must pay the full *forecast costs* of any *works* to provide dedicated *connection assets* where the provision of such *works* is subject to effective competition.

5.6 Non-capital costs

The applicant must pay to Western Power any contribution regarding alternative options costs calculated under this capital contributions policy, and the full amount of any other non-capital costs that Western Power incurs in providing covered services to the applicant that Western Power reasonably determines is payable by the applicant.

5.7 Works over and above standard works

If an applicant seeks:

- (a) a connection that is better in some respect than that described in the technical rules; or
 {Note: this could be, for example, a design philosophy delivering increased security of supply}
- (b) a reference service at a service standard better than that specified by Western Power for the reference service in its access arrangement,

then the *applicant* must pay to Western Power the full *forecast costs* of any *works* needed to comply with that request.

6. Manner of contribution

6.1 Options for payment

A contribution may be made:

- (a) by the *applicant* by way of a financial payment comprising either:
 - (i) periodic financial payments, subject to clause 6.2; or
 - (ii) an up-front financial payment;

or

- (b) by the Western Australian Government under any appropriate policy.
- 6.2 When applicant may choose periodic payment
 - (a) The *applicant* may not elect under clause 6.2(a) to make the *contribution* by way of a periodic financial payment unless:
 - (i) a material proportion of the works will involve transmission assets; and
 - (ii) the total amount of the *contribution* exceeds \$1,000,000.
- 6.3 Terms and amount of periodic payment
 - (a) If the *applicant* elects to make a *contribution* by way of periodic financial payment under clause 6.2(a), then:
 - (i) the maximum term over which the periodic payments may be made is 5 years; and
 - (ii) the minimum amount for each periodic payment is \$200,000 per annum; and

(iii) interest of 15% per annum, calculated each calendar month, will be added to each periodic payment.

7. Rebates and recoupment

- 7.1 Where Western Power must provide rebate
 - (a) Western Power must provide a rebate equal to a portion of a *contribution* paid by a *user* for *works* where:
 - (i) a subsequent *user* benefits from the *works* or a part of the *works* within 5 years of the date that the original *user* paid the *contribution*; and
 - (ii) the total *contribution* paid by the original *user* was greater than \$1,000,000; and
 - (iii) the amount to be rebated to the original *user* as determined under clause 7.4 is greater than \$100.000.
 - (b) Western Power is not under any obligation to pay any rebate for a *contribution* to any *user* under any circumstance other than that expressly provided for under clause 7.1(a).
- 7.2 Western Power must adjust periodic payment

Western Power must adjust the periodic payments made by a *user* under clause 6.1(a)(i) such that the *user* is relieved of the obligation to pay a portion of a *contribution* for *works* where:

- (a) a subsequent *user* benefits from the *works* within 5 years of the date that the original *user* paid the first period payment of the *contribution*; and
- (b) the amount to be rebated to the original *user* as determined under clause 7.4 is greater than \$100,000.
- 7.3 New applicants must pay rebate

Where Western Power must pay a rebate to a *user* under clauses 7.1 or 7.2, each subsequent *applicant* that benefits from *works* within 5 years of the date that the original *user* paid the *contribution* must pay to Western Power an upfront amount equivalent to the rebate.

7.4 Rebate and amount recouped to be based on relative contracted capacity

The amount of a rebate given to a *user* under clauses 7.1 or 7.2, and an amount to be recouped from an *applicant* under clause 7.3, is determined by apportioning the amortised original *contribution* between the original *user* and each subsequent *applicant* based on the relative *contracted capacity* of each party, where the *contribution* is amortised completely in a straight line over 5 years.

8. Reduced demand payment

8.1 Western Power may recover reduced demand payment

lf:

- (a) a *user* gives notice to Western Power seeking to:
 - (i) delete a contracted point from the user's access contract; or
 - (ii) reduce the contracted capacity at a contracted point; or

(iii) terminate the user's access contract,

within the cost recovery period, such that the user's access charges are reduced; and

(b) no other *user* is likely to pay *access charges* in respect of that *contracted point* within the *cost recovery period*;

then Western Power may require the user to pay a "reduced demand payment".

- 8.2 Calculation of reduced demand payment
 - (a) Under this capital contributions policy, a *reduced demand payment* is the foregone *new revenue*, calculated over the *cost recovery period* from the time the *user* gives notice under clause 8.1(a).
 - (b) For the purposes of clauses 8.1 and 8.2, the "**cost recovery period**" is the lesser of:
 - (i) the reasonable time, as calculated when determining the original contribution; or
 - (ii) the period when the *new revenue*, as calculated when determining the original *contribution*, equals the amount of *forecast costs* use to determine the original *contribution*.
 - (c) The formula for calculating the *reduced demand payment* is:

$$\textit{reduced termination payment} = \frac{(U_1 - U_2 - cc) \times X}{12} + \sum_{t=1}^{n} \frac{(U_1 - U_2 - cc) \times (1 + CPI)^{(t-1)}}{(1 + RR)^{(t-1)}}$$

where:

 U_1 is the *access charge* applicable immediately prior to the time the *user* gives notice under clause 8.1(a); and

U₂ is the *access charge* applicable immediately after to the time the *user* gives notice under clause 8.1(a); and

cc is the annual connection charge at the time of termination, as published in the *price list* under Western Power's *access arrangement*; and

X is the number of months to the nearest anniversary of the commencement date of the *user's* access contract at the time of termination; and

n is the number of years remaining following the nearest anniversary of the commencement date of the *user's access contract* at the time of termination until the end of the *cost recovery period*; and

RR is the contributions rate of return.

9. Transmission-connected generators

9.1 Objectives regarding transmission-connected generating plant

The objectives of this *capital contributions policy* with regard to *transmission-connected generating plant* are:

- (a) to provide a means of recognising that the *connection* of new *generating plant* to the *network* provides *net benefit* to other *users*, for the purposes of calculating a *contribution* for *works* required to provide *covered services* to a new *generator*; and
- (b) to ensure that other *users* do not subsidise the cost of *connecting* new *generating plant* in economically inefficient locations, in accordance with the *Code objective*.

9.2 Connection to the urban shared network

Subject to clause 9.4, where an *applicant* seeks to *connect* new *generating plant* to the *urban shared network*, then the amount of the *forecast costs* allocated to an *applicant* for the purpose of calculating a *contribution* under clause 5 are the *forecast costs* of any augmentation regarding dedicated *connection assets* only.

9.3 Connection outside the urban shared network

Subject to clause 9.4, where an *applicant* seeks to *connect* new *generating plant* to a part of the *network* that is outside the *urban shared network*, then the amount of the *forecast costs* allocated to an *applicant* for the purpose of calculating a *contribution* under clause 5 are the *forecast costs* of all required *works*, except *augmentation* to the *urban shared network*.

9.4 Reactive power support

Where Western Power determines, as a *reasonable and prudent person*, that providing *covered services* in relation to *transmission-connected generating plant* requires *works* to provide reactive power support to the *generating plant*, then regardless of the location of the reactive power *works* or the *transmission-connected generating plant*, the *forecast costs* include the *forecast costs* of the reactive power *works*.

9.5 Extent of urban shared network

The extent of the *urban shared network* is shown Figure 1 and Figure 2.



Figure 1: 50 km zone

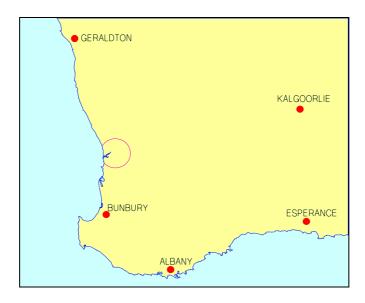


Figure 2: Expanded view of 50 km zone

10. Consumers consuming less than 50 MWh per year

10.1 Definitions

In this clause 10, the following terms have the following meanings.

"commercial consumer" means a person who *consumes*, or is expected to *consume*, less than 50 MWh per year of electricity for the purpose of:

- (a) a commercial or industrial business (including units, but excluding subdivisions); or
- (b) a *primary producer* with on-site secondary processing.

"residential consumer" means a person who consumes electricity for a non-commercial purpose.

"pole to pillar connection" means an underground 415 V connection from the underground service pillar located at the front of a residential consumer's property to the nearest 415 V power pole.

"primary producer" means a person who carries out or is engaged in the business of farming or grazing on land that is

- (a) zoned for rural purposes under a town planning scheme; and
- (b) used solely or principally for agricultural or grazing purposes or for a combination of those purposes.

"SES contribution", or "supply extension scheme contribution", means a *contribution* calculated under clause 10.4.

10.2 Method of payment

Any *contribution* to be made by an applicant under this clause 10 shall be made as an upfront payment.

10.3 Commercial consumers

- (a) The contribution to be paid by an applicant who is, or acts on behalf of, a commercial consumer seeking a new connection service on an existing lot, is the forecast costs less a subsidy based on estimated retail revenue.
- (b) The subsidy is equal to the forecast retail revenue for the first year of operation of the commercial consumer up to 80% of the forecast cost. The forecast retail revenue is based on the appropriate Western Power Retail published retail tariff (excluding GST).

10.4 Primary producers including rural domestic

The *contribution* to be paid by an *applicant* who is, or acts on behalf of, a *primary producer* seeking a new *connection service* (an "SES contribution") is calculated as the *forecast costs* x 1.77 x 0.57 plus any rebate due to previous *applicants* who have paid an SES contribution.

10.5 Residential consumers qualifying for a pole to pillar connection

The *contribution* to be paid by an *applicant* who is, or acts on behalf of, an individual *residential consumer* qualifying for a *pole to pillar connection* is the amount published by Western Power on its website for a *pole to pillar connection*.

10.6 Unmetered supplies

The *contribution* to be paid by an *applicant* who seeks a connection to a facility where the location or the size or nature of the load makes the installation of meters inappropriate is an amount equal to the full *forecast costs* of any *works* required to provide the *connection*.

10.7 Public road street lighting

The *contribution* to be paid by an *applicant* who seeks a *connection* to a new streetlight is an amount equal to the full *forecast costs* of any *works* required to provide the *connection*.

10.8 Miscellaneous

The *contribution* to be paid by an *applicant* who is, or acts on behalf of, a *consumer* seeking any *covered service* not described in clauses 10.2 to 10.6 is an amount equal to the full *forecast costs* of any *works* required to provide the *covered service*.

11. Subdivisions

A person who seeks to *augment* the *network* to service a subdivision may, at the person's election:

- (a) procure the augmentation itself, in which case the network assets comprised in that augmentation shall be vested in Western Power upon commissioning of the network assets; or
- (b) request Western Power to build the *augmentation*, in which case the *contribution* to be paid is an amount equal to the full *forecast costs* of any *works* required to provide the *augmentation*, to be paid as an upfront payment.